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PART III

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#### **FACING PAGE**

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers PWASht to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	3A	AND ENDING	/31/17	
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY	
A. R	EGISTRANT IDENTIFICAT	ION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: PETE	RSEN INVESTMENTS INC	C	FFICIAL USE ONLY	
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF B	USINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box N	(o.)	FIRM I.D. NO.	
	(No. and Street)			
WALL	ŊJ	077	L9	
(City)	(State)	(Zip Co	de)	
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF BERTRAM RILEY JR	PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGA		-528-0880	
		(Area	Code - Telephone Number	
B. AC	COUNTANT IDENTIFICAT	ΓΙΟN		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT  KUTZ & KUTZ CPA PC	(Name – if individual, state last, first, n	niddle name)	11021	
475 NORTHERN BLVD STE 26	GREAT NECK	NY		
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)	
CHECK ONE:				
Certified Public Accountant				
Public Accountant				
Accountant not resident in U	Inited States or any of its possession	ns.		
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY	7		
1				

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.



# OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, BERTRAM RILEY JR	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial states PETERSEN INVESTMENTS INC	ment and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
of DECEMBER 31	17, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
	officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:	
	7,27/1
	C Still All
	Signature
	PRESIDENT
	Title
Notary Public	
Notary Fublic	Francisco J Escalante
This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):	ID # 2443596 NOTARY PUBLIC
(a) Facing Page.	STATE OF NEW JERSEY
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.	My Commission Expires March 10, 2019
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).	,
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.	
<ul> <li>(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Pa</li> <li>(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to</li> </ul>	
(g) Computation of Net Capital.	Claims of Creditors.
(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requires	ments Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control R	
	of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requ	uirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
<ul> <li>(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited consolidation.</li> </ul>	d Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
(1) An Oath or Affirmation.	
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	
(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found t	to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

<sup>\*\*</sup>For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

# **DECEMBER 31, 2017**

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# Kutz & Kutz, CPA, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

475 Northern Blvd - Suite 26 Great Neck, NY 11021 Telephone (516) 482-1158 Fax (516) 829-5312 Email kutz.cpa@verizon.net

Accountants and Advisors

Andrew B. Kutz CPA Paul J. Kutz CPA MS CFP

#### INDEPENDENT REGISTERED AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Stockholder of Petersen Investments, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Petersen Investments, Inc. as of December 31, 2017 that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes to the financial statements. In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Petersen Investments, Inc. at December 31, 2017 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Petersen Investments Inc.'s management is responsible for these financial statements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to Petersen Investments Inc. in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audit included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audit also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion

Kutz & Kutz CA. RC

Kutz & Kutz Certified Public Accountants PC Great Neck, NY February 1, 2018

# PETERSEN INVESTMENTS, INC. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION DECEMBER 31, 2017

# **ASSETS**

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	90,859
Deposit with clearing broker (cash) (Note 8)	•	100,000
Receivable from clearing broker (Note 8)		294,046
Property and equipment (net of depreciation and amortization) (Note 6)		34,610
Deposits receivable		7,094
Prepaid expenses and other assets		95,519
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	622,128
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		223,056
Other liabilities		11,944
Total Liebilities		225 000
Total Liabilities	****	235,000
Commitments and contingent liabilities (Note 7)		_
Stockholder's equity		
Common stock, no par value, authorized 2,500 shares,		
issued and outstanding 100 shares	,	3,680
Additional paid in capital		583,958
Retained earnings (deficit)		(200,510)
Total Stockholder's Equity		387,128
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	\$	622,128

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements and should be read in conjunction herewith.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# **DECEMBER 31, 2017**

#### **NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS**

Petersen Investments, Inc. (the "Company") a New Jersey corporation is registered as a broker - dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA").

During October 2008, 100% of ownership of the Company was transferred to the Riley Family Trust.

The Company conducts a general securities business by introducing transactions on a fully-disclosed basis to a clearing broker/dealer who carries all accounts and prepares and maintains all books and records pertaining thereto pursuant to SEC Rules 17a-3 and 17a-4, as are customarily made and kept by a clearing broker/dealer.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of Presentation

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

All short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company is engaged in various trading and brokerage activities in which counter parties primarily include broker/dealers, banks, and other financial institutions. In the event counter parties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counter party or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counter party.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **DECEMBER 31, 2017**

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# **Depreciation and Amortization**

The cost of furniture and equipment is depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the related assets of 5 to 7 years. The cost of leasehold improvements is amortized over the length of the underlying lease. Depreciation is computed on a straight line basis for financial reporting purposes and an accelerated basis for income tax purposes. Leasehold improvements are amortized in accordance with Internal Revenue Service regulations for income tax purposes.

#### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Financial instruments including receivable and payable from/to clearing broker, accounts payable and accrued expenses and taxes payable, are carried at fair value in accordance with FASB ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures.

# Revenue Recognition

Securities transactions and related income and expenses are recorded on a settlement date basis. Commission revenues are recorded on a settlement date basis which does not have a material effect on reported revenues and expenses.

#### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The Company does not expect the adoption of recent accounting pronouncements to have any material impact on its financial condition or results of operations.

#### Comprehensive Income

Effective January 1, 1999 the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 130, "Reporting Comprehensive Income" ("SFAS No. 130"). SFAS No. 130 requires an entity to report comprehensive income and its components and increases financial reporting disclosures. This standard has no impact on the Company's financial position, cash flows or results of operations since the Company's comprehensive income is the same as its reported net income.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **DECEMBER 31, 2017**

#### NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash at December 31, 2017 included the following:

Cash in bank \$90,859
Pro-checking money market at clearing broker 0
\$90,859

#### NOTE 4 - PROVISION FOR STATE AND LOCAL INCOME TAXES

The Company elected "S Corporation" status with the Internal Revenue Service commencing in 1981, New Jersey State taxing authorities in 1997 and New York State in 2003. The stockholder, an electing small business trust, includes the "S Corporation" income or loss on its separate income tax returns. Accordingly, no federal income taxes or benefits are provided for in the financial statements during the period of "S Corporation" status. The Company's "S" election also makes the recognition of a deferred tax provision unnecessary.

The Company recognizes and measures any unrecognized tax liabilities or benefits in accordance with FASB ASC 740, *Income Taxes*. Under that guidance the Company assesses the likelihood, based on their technical merit, that the tax positions will be sustained upon examination based on the facts, circumstances and information available at the end of each period. The measurement of unrecognized tax liabilities or benefits is adjusted when new information is available. Based on management's conclusion that all relevant tax positions are more likely than not to be upheld under examination no unrecognized tax liabilities or benefits are being recorded.

The Company files tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction, and various state and local jurisdictions. The U.S. federal income tax returns prior to 2014 are closed. U.S. state jurisdictions have statutes of limitation that generally range from three to five years.

Provision for local income taxes is calculated on reported financial statement pretax income based on current tax law. The income tax provision consists of the following:

	<u>Current</u>	<u>Deferred</u>	<u>Total</u>
State and local	\$0	\$0	\$0

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **DECEMBER 31, 2017**

#### **NOTE 5 - NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS**

The Company is subject to the SEC Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1 which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital shall not exceed 15 to 1. The rule also states that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. At December 31, 2017 the Company's net capital was \$249,905 which was \$234,238 in excess of its required net capital of \$15,667. The Company's aggregate indebtedness to net capital ratio was .94 to 1.

#### **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT**

Property and equipment consists of the following at December 31, 2017:

Furniture and fixtures	\$54,599
Computers	170,000
	224,599
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(189,989)
	\$34,610

#### NOTE 7 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The company is liable for lease agreements on office space. The office leases expire in September of 2019. The Company also rents storage space on a month to month basis. Rental expense for the year ended December 31, 2017 was \$99,503. Remaining commitments under the operating leases are as follows:

Year Ending December 31st:	<u>Amount</u>
2018	74,497
2019	58,626
2020	5,849
2021	0
	\$138,972

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# **DECEMBER 31, 2017**

#### NOTE 7 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company is regularly involved in customer disputes in the normal course of its securities business. Management of the Company, after consultation with outside legal counsel, believes that it is premature to determine whether the resolution of the dispute will result in any material adverse effect on the Company's financial position. The Company settled legal claims in the amount of \$80,000 in 2017

The Company is in final negotiations to transfer all its customers and registered representatives to another broker/dealer for a cash payment. The Company intends to cease operations once this transaction is competed which is expected to occur in 2018.

The Company currently has no open FINRA or SEC examinations.

#### NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLE FROM AND PAYABLE TO CLEARING BROKER

Amounts receivable from and payable to the clearing broker at December 31, 2017 consist of the following:

	<u>Receivable</u>	<u>Payable</u>
Deposit at clearing broker	\$100,000	\$0
Receivable from clearing broker	294,046	
Payable to clearing broker		0
	\$394,046	\$0
	***************************************	

### **NOTE 9 - OFF BALANCE SHEET RISK**

Pursuant to a clearance agreement dated September 15, 2012, the Company introduces all of its securities transactions to its clearing broker on a fully disclosed basis. Therefore, all of the customers' money balances and long and short security positions are carried on the books of the clearing broker. Under certain conditions as defined in the clearance agreement, the Company has agreed to indemnify the clearing broker for losses, if any, which the clearing broker may sustain from carrying securities transactions introduced by the Company. In accordance with industry practice and regulatory requirements, the Company and the clearing broker monitor collateral on the securities transactions introduced by the Company.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## **DECEMBER 31, 2017**

# **NOTE 10 - GUARANTEES**

FASB ASC 460, Guarantees, requires the Company to disclose information about its obligations under certain guarantee arrangements. FASB ASC 460 defines guarantees as contracts and indemnification agreements that contingently require a guarantor to make payments to the guaranteed party based on changes in an underlying situation (such as an interest or foreign exchange rate, security or commodity price, an index or the occurrence of nonoccurrence of a specified event) related to an asset, liability or equity security of a guaranteed party. This guidance also defines guarantees as contracts that contingently require the guarantor to make payments to the guaranteed party based on another entity's failure to perform under an agreement as well as indirect guarantees of the indebtedness of others.

#### Indemnifications

In the normal course of its business, the Company indemnifies and guarantees certain service providers, such as clearing and custody agents, trustees and administrators, against specified potential losses in connection with their acting as an agent of, or providing services to, the Company or its affiliates. The Company also indemnifies some clients against potential losses incurred in the event specified third party service providers, including sub custodians and third-party brokers, improperly execute transactions. The maximum potential amount of future payments the Company could be required to make under these indemnifications cannot be estimated. However, the Company believes that it is unlikely it will have to make material payments under these arrangements and has not recorded any contingent liability in the financial statements for these indemnifications. Any payments made under these indemnification agreements therefore are expensed as incurred.

The Company provides representations and warranties to counter parties in connection with a variety of commercial transactions and occasionally indemnifies them against potential losses caused by the breach of those representations and warranties. The Company may also provide standard indemnifications to some of the counter parties to protect them in the event additional taxes are owed or payments are withheld, due either to a change in or adverse application of certain tax laws. These indemnifications are generally standard contractual terms and are entered into in the normal course of business. The maximum potential amount of future payments that the Company could be required to make under these indemnifications cannot be estimated. However the Company believes it is unlikely it will have to make material payments under these arrangements and has not recorded any contingent liability in the financial statements for these indemnifications.